



## ANOTHER KILLING.

The Story of Another Tragedy Comes from Macon.

## THE ELKS' LODGE OF SORROW.

The Day in the Central City—Local and Personal Gossip of General Interest.

Macon, Ga., December 11.—(Special)—Bridge Row was the scene of another murder last night. The victim, a negro named Tom Lane, died this morning at 7 o'clock, after lingering about twelve hours.

Electron whisky and cards may be put down as the cause of the murder.

About 7 o'clock last night a bunch of negroes half drunk with election whisky had congregated at the dive, kept by a white man named A. J. Glass, on Bridge Row. While it is difficult to get at the truth of the affair it may be put down as settled fact that the men had been gambling.

The First Baptist church is to be gratified on securing the services of Mrs. Clifford Williams for several months. Mrs. Williams has a highly cultured, rich soprano voice.

Friday evening Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Turner gave a whist party complimentary to their guest, Miss Pauline Newman, of Perry. During the evening delicious refreshments were served.

Miss Ruby Jones will entertain Miss Johnson, of Macon, in Miss Seville's room, of Birmingham, during the holidays.

Miss Lillian Lorraine left the city yesterday, having received many flattering attentions from the society people of this city.

Mr. J. W. Cabaniss will go to New York to spend Christmas week with Miss Lila Cabaniss, her daughter.

Mr. John H. Dobbs, of New York, formerly of Macon, is dangerously ill at his home in Brooklyn.

Mrs. Manley Curr and her little baby, who did not appear to be badly hurt, however, and were taken in a hock to Cheatham's drug store, where a plaster was put over the cut and he returned to the dive.

About 9 o'clock he began to feel worse and Glass sent him home in a hock. At that time no doctor was called until this morning, but before he could arrive the man died. He died at 7 o'clock this morning.

The dead negro lives on the corner of Oak and New streets, and is well known around town.

The two other negroes, Mack and Hump, have skipped.

Courier Knight postponed the inquest until this morning, on account of the difficulty of getting witnesses.

## The B. P. O. E.

The memorial exercises of the Elks of Macon, held at the Academy of Music, at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon, was well attended and was very interesting.

The programme was well rendered in every particular, Rev. F. F. Reese, of Christ church, assisting in the service.

## Soldiers in Church.

The Macon Volunteers attended Christ church this morning, forty strong, and rank and file.

The sermon preached by Rev. F. F. Reese, captain of the company, was most appropriate to the occasion. Captain Joseph E. Wells, the popular commander of the Volunteers, was at the head of his company on their annual church parade.

## Scarlet Fever.

For the time being Wesleyan Female college is depopulated. About one hundred and twenty young ladies have gone home. The cause of the epidemic, case of scarlet fever and it is thought that this will very seriously interfere with the Christmas examinations.

The solitary case in the college has been treated and Dr. Bass has no fears that the infectious disease will be communicated to others.

There are about seven other cases in 250 of scarlet fever and some two or three cases of diphtheria. As soon as the young lady recovers from her sickness all the inmates of the college who have stampeded will return and resume their studies.

## Music for the Library.

The Chimes of Normandy will be played on the 29th and 30th instant at the Academy of Music for the benefit of the public library.

Mr. Otto K. Erhardt has written to President Hugh V. Washington asking his willingness to assist in the rehearsals and performance of the opera, and Mr. Erhardt, will himself perform the role of Basard.

Nearly all of the best singers in Macon have signed their willingness to assist in the performance. The books have been ordered and will be completed at once.

The performance will be made at the Masonic Musical Association invite the Atlanta Opera Club to this city and unite with them to take the performance with their cast in the chimes for one night. The people of Macon would appreciate the visit of the two best singers from their sister city and a most hearty reception is guaranteed should they decide to lend their aid to a worthy cause.

## Some Heavy Sentences.

Today was sentence day in the superior court and those who have been found guilty during the first week of the criminal docket were finally disposed of by Judge Miller today.

Two white men were sent to the penitentiary for ten and twenty years each.

Benjamin, convicted of highway robbery, was sent up for twenty years.

Pink McMillan, on much the same charge, was sent away for twenty years.

Mark Bayne, larceny, six months or \$50.

Samuel Kendrick, house breaking, two years.

Henry Twine, gambling and stealing, five years.

Henry Ivey, assault with attempt to murder, five years.

Will Ables, assault and attempt to murder, six years.

Ed McLendon, burglary, five years.

Dan Brady, burglary, five years.

William Phillips, larceny, six months or \$50.

The Macon Telegraph, under order of the court issued today, was sold on January 12th. An upset price of \$30,000 has been agreed upon by the lawyers in the case, and unless the price is bid the property will not be sold. The case of the creditors of Macon Police & Marine seeking to set aside the assignment and bring for the appointment of a receiver occupied all the time of the court today, but is unfinished.

## The Telegraph.

In the Telegraph of today there appears the following announcement:

Mr. J. H. Kennedy, former city editor of The Telegraph and since last spring Macon's representative of The Atlanta Constitution, will take regular position of the newspaper as managing editor. Mr. Kennedy will have supervision and control of the news department of the paper, local and general, and the management of the business. This appointment is made under the re-

governorship and is, of course, temporary. For the present, until a disposition is made of the property, Mr. Kennedy will be connected with The Telegraph as announced above, and he will also have charge of The Constitution's Macon bureau as the past.

## Local and Personal.

The Young Ladies' Aid Society of the Jewish church, proposes giving at the Volunteers' armory next Wednesday night, an entertainment, the proceeds of which will go toward alleviating the poor and afflicted. Their program consists of many parts, participated by the leading Hebrew young ladies and gentlemen of the city, and will be one of the most interesting ever delivered before a public audience in Macon.

Judge Harris' condition yesterday was thought to be somewhat improved, but he is yet very weak, and it is thought, not out of danger.

Mrs. Marsh Johnston entertained a number of her friends at a "stop" party on Tuesday evening. Her beautiful home was decorated with roses and vines for the occasion, and the affair was delightful in every detail.

The Ladies' Aid Society of Christ church will hold their annual sale in the lecture room of the church next Wednesday, while the women of the various parishes will be gathered at the church for the annual meeting of the ladies' aid societies.

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The article is, indeed a diabolical composition, and that every one may see it I give it here. It reads:

## INCENDIARY TALK.

Third Party People Trying to Stir Up Race Prejudice.

AN APPEAL MADE TO THE NEGROES  
By a Populist Organ in Taylor County—A Bed-Hot Fight Down There. Some of Its Features.

Reynolds, Ga., December 11.—(Special)—The democrats of Taylor county are very much incensed at an article which appeared in last week's Populist, a third party paper published at Butler, the county seat.

The article is one of the most incendiary published during the campaign and appeals directly to the negroes to oppose any man for office who fought in the confederate army and that if they want fair elections they must put men in office who will give them a fair count.

The article is, indeed a diabolical composition, and that every one may see it I give it here. It reads:

To the Colored.

Did the colored people of Taylor county ever think of how the democratic party fought a bloody war of four years and destroyed your mothers and yourselves in slavery and under the lash of the bosses?

Did you ever think how the democratic party fought for the negroes for the negroes?

Did you ever think how the confederate army was always striving and scheming to again fasten the fetters of human slavery upon you?

Did you ever think of the negroes who were put in prison for the last thirty years and casting your ballot, to which you are as much entitled as any other man, you could not vote to be destroyed and a democratic ballot counted as a slave.

Butler, Ransom and others are among the best colored people in the state, but the rule holds good. While the colored are more inclined to be pronounced in dress and ornament, the man err in the other direction.

The average southerner's idea of dress begins with the everlasting wide-brimmed, soft cloth hat, and appropriately called a "southern." His only coat is a long, light-colored frock, or Prince Albert, as it is generally called. This coat is intended to be worn outside, and is often very close-fitting and then a handsome garment upon any man.

"But the southerner leaves it to hang unbuttoned, and that condition it is an awkward and disagreeable one to be in."

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Question as It Stands.

The fact that Senator David B. Hill has introduced in the Senate a bill repealing the Sherman excise tax on the compasses and the compasses which are gathered around Washington. The intention of the republicans to prevent action if possible, will vigorously press the consideration of this bill, and, at the proper time, submit some remarks pertinent to the subject.

John Sherman has already introduced a bill for the repeal of his silver law, but it is to be doubted whether he will call it up or even vote for it at this session. The policy of the republicans (in league with the money power) is now as it has always been, postponement. The Sherman law itself, which has been turning out 65-cent paper tokens, labelled \$1, was in the nature of a postponement and they are now anxious to leave the matter for the democrats to deal with. They now have the excuse of the monetary conference, which is in its nature and essence a political scheme hatched by Sherman and Foster. The republicans can now say that it will be wise to wait and see what the upshot of the conference will be, though every sensible person knows that in the very nature of things the conference can accomplish nothing.

Yet there is no doubt that the conference will accommodate itself to the republican programme. It is already preparing to take a recess, and its final report will not be made until after the 4th of March.

There is but one thing for the democrat to do, and that is to represent the wishes and desires of the people in this matter. When England imposed an insidious tax on tea the American colonies took up arms, but now that England is imposing a tax of untold millions on the producers of this country by means of the demonetization of silver (see the report of Secretary of the Treasury Manning in 1886) there is a large party to applaud and approve, and a great many democrats are among those who are applauding and approving. We think it is best altogether that the democrats should be left to deal with the question, but the postponement of positive action need not prevent illuminating debate.

It need not be supposed that because Senator Hill has introduced and will press a bill to repeal the Sherman law of 1890, he proposes for the matter to end there. The senator is a bimetallist; he is in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of silver simultaneously with the free and unlimited coinage of gold; and it is said by those who know that he has a bill of his own to take the place of the acts which the repeal of the Sherman law will clear out of the way. There is but one measure that can take the place of the Sherman law and save the country from dropping to a silver basis with a crash, and that is a law providing for the free coinage of silver on equal terms with gold—that is to say, the free coinage of silver bullion on private account, the coins to be invested with the full legal tender quality. That is the remedy and that is what the people of the country desire.

It has been suggested that a free coinage act might fail to restore the value of silver to \$1.20 an ounce. We shall not inquire whether this suggestion is reasonable or unreasonable. The real answer to it is that the only possible test of this is the enactment of a free coinage law. Suppose that such an act were passed and the old ratio fell short in some measure of the increased value of gold. What would be the remedy? Why simply a change in the ratio. This is a part of the business of government. There is nothing sacred about a coinage ratio. It has been changed heretofore, and it can be changed again. But we do say that the only means of discovering the proper ratio—the only way of finding out whether the ratio is to be changed and to what extent—is the enactment of a free coinage law placing silver bullion on an exact equality with gold bullion at the mints.

This may be clear to any person who is capable of giving the subject an intelligent thought.

American Catholicism.

A very interesting controversy, and one that is sure to have wholesome results, has been going on for some time among the Catholics of America. Usually, denominational controversies do not form pleasing topics for the secular press to take hold of and dwell on, but this particular controversy has been carried into the newspapers by the Catholics themselves—but it has become a part of the general history of the hour. More recently, the church has been speaking, and is more nearly related to politics than it is to religion. It is for this reason that it has been carried on with such freedom and vigor.

The controversy has been threatening for some time, having its origin in a desire on the part of certain foreign Catholics, principally Germans, to employ their religion as a means of perpetuating their language and their race characteristics. Since the Civil War, the Carrolls,

les in this country have been intensely American, and it is natural that this attempt on the part of the German Catholics to engrave and perpetuate foreign ideas and a foreign language on any part of the church in America has been most bitterly resented. The friction thus created was fanned into a flame when Herr Cahensy, a Catholic layman of Germany, sought to persuade the pope to give the German Catholics an organization of their own. This attempt followed the alleged efforts of many German bishops and priests to prevent the children of German Catholics from learning English and identifying themselves with our institutions.

The petition to the pope by Cahensy resulted in a violent controversy until at last it was thought that the Vatican had given the cold shoulder to Cahensy. This, at least, was the interpretation placed on the pope's action by the American party in the church here; but the controversy has continued with brief intermissions.

It has recently been renewed to some extent in another shape, springing out of what is known as the Fairbairn public school system, and the semi-endorsement of that compromise by the pope. Here again the American party in the Catholic church seems to have triumphed. We do not care to trust to memory to give the details of the Fairbairn system, or to give even an outline of it. It is enough to say that it is in the nature of a compromise between the Protestant municipal authorities and the Catholics, whereby Catholic children are permitted to enjoy the benefits of the public schools in a way that satisfies their religious scruples.

There is nothing in the Fairbairn system to call for controversy, and there would have been none but for the fact that the adherents of Cahensy were anxious to seize on every opportunity to delay or prevent the growth of Americanism in the Catholic church. Knowing little of our institutions these foreigners do not know that they have begun their work of obstruction more than a hundred years too late. If we understand the matter the Fairbairn system has been practically in operation in Savannah and other cities for many years. We must conclude then, that Cahensy is the real rub of the controversy, and the issue is practically decided by Leo XIII, as it had already been decided by the strong, vigorous and patriotic American spirit that exists in the great body of Catholics in this country.

The present pope, who is a genius in statesmanship, has already started the nations of Europe and thoroughly alarmed the Italian monarchists by his attitude toward the French republic. It is very evident that he has formulated a policy that has taken Europe by surprise—a policy sure to result in the most remarkable development, if it be carried out to its logical conclusion.

**Undesirable Visitors.**  
There is a general desire on the part of our people to see immigration judiciously restricted, and some even go so far as to say that it should be prohibited entirely next year, on account of the danger of importing cholera.

Indiscriminate immigration is undoubtedly a great evil, but just where to draw the line is a puzzling question. A recent item in a New York paper shows how unjust it is to our working classes to open our ports to strangers without any limitations. It seems that last week 500 Italian laborers sailed from New York for Italy. They had all saved money at \$1 per day wages, and one of them had \$600 which he had saved from two and a half years' work. A few days later 1,000 Scandinavians sailed for home where they will invest or spend the money they saved here as common laborers.

We do not want such visitors, for they can scarcely be called immigrants. It is bad public policy to allow hosts of pauper laborers from Europe to come here for a brief season to crowd native Americans out of employment, especially when they hoard their earnings to carry away to a foreign country. This is simply a drain upon our resources, and it is not right that these birds of passage should be permitted to deprive our own tollers of their daily bread.

We should welcome a good class of immigrants, when we come to stay, whether they are rich or poor, but it is very plain that we need better regulations and restrictions than now exist.

**Where is John Smith?**  
Just at present this is an absorbing question, north and south.

The papers are full of it, and many people are neglecting their business in their anxiety to ascertain the whereabouts of John Smith.

It seems that some Boston lawyers have about \$75,000 for John and they are scouring the country for him. He disappeared from Boston in 1840 and was last seen in New Orleans, but nobody has located him during recent years.

One would naturally suppose that a man with a peculiar foreign name like John Smith could be easily hunted up, but in this case there are many difficulties. To the surprise of the lawyers, a good many men have come forward claiming that they bear the name of John Smith, but the right man has not yet turned up.

We have seen no advertisements directed to him, but it strikes us that a short personal in the leading dailies requesting John Smith to forward his address would be the very thing. If he is dead some reader of the advertisement would doubtless report the fact.

By all means, advertise for the man. A general call all over the country for John Smith cannot fail to be answered, and it will be simply preposterous folly for a lot of people to come to the front with the statement that they are all individually entitled to a name so unique and striking.

Mr. Charles Foster, late of Ohio, has recently discovered that our gold supply is getting extremely low. Meanwhile the Sherman silver law is doing its perfect work. Wasn't it the Boston Herald that said John was a great statesman?

The New York Times is dealing with the silver question in a hopeless way. It can see no light ahead. All is gloom, gloom, gloom.

Reverend O. S. Swilling, a colored divine, of Hartwell, published the following reason in The Hartwell Sun for the people of Hart-

ies in this country have been intensely American, and it is natural that this attempt on the part of the German Catholics to engrave and perpetuate foreign ideas and a foreign language on any part of the church in America has been most bitterly resented. The friction thus created was fanned into a flame when Herr Cahensy, a Catholic layman of Germany, sought to persuade the pope to give the German Catholics an organization of their own. This attempt followed the alleged efforts of many German bishops and priests to prevent the children of German Catholics from learning English and identifying themselves with our institutions.

A Boston "personal" reads: "Mr. Howland, who had his face slapped at the horse show in New York the other night, is at the Vendome." Mr. Howland seems suddenly to have achieved distinction in the north and east. He should utilize it by going on the lecture stage.

Southern democrats who are inclined to take the mugwump view of Edward Murphy should bear in mind that he was the confidential friend of Samuel J. Tilden, and that he has been the head of the democratic organization in New York for some years.

**EDWARD COMMENT.**

The St. Louis Globe-Democrat reports a traveler as saying: "The drunkest drunk I ever experienced was the result of drinking water. I was sky-larking around down among the Sierra Madre mountains, looking for a long-lost Spanish mine and making an all-round fool of myself for the benefit of half a dozen Mexican miners when I discovered the rivulet was not in the side of a mountain. The rivulet was not in the side of your little finger, but was icy cold. I started to fill my cup, but one of the Mexicans said: 'Mr. Howland, don't drink it. It is salt water.' I had to shake off some men if they had a half a dozen of them over me and realized 20 cents a pound for it. They would get something or somebody to abuse for sending our country to the devil. It's the blaster, the man who looks upon the bright side of things, who fears God and loves him.

The Harrison Banner-Messenger says of Mr. G. L. Lindsay: "He is an old and experienced miner, of high character. He was in Colorado last week with some very rich copper ore, it being a new find in the neighborhood of the old copper mines. Mr. Lindsay is working up the mineral interest of his section, and is making some startling discoveries. The ore can be seen at this office."

The Washington Gazette in speaking of Captain C. E. Irvin Guards says:

"We regret very much to hear that Captain C. E. Irvin Guards has resigned the captaincy of our gallant Irvin Guards. His resignation was tendered on Tuesday night. Captain Irvin found it necessary to give up the position of command of the regiment, as he could not serve with the same enthusiasm as before.

"Captain C. E. Irvin Guards is a man of great energy and ability, and we hope that he will find a field of usefulness elsewhere.

The First Christian Church.

In the First Christian, Dr. Robins spoke eloquently.

Text: "For bodily exercise profiteth little;

but Godliness is profitable unto all things,

having promise of the life that now is, and

of that which is to come." Timothy vi. 8.

"St. Paul, in writing to Timothy, sought to instruct him in the Christian life.

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Text: "For bodily exercise profiteth little;

but Godliness is profitable unto all things,

having promise of the life that now is, and

of that which is to come." Timothy vi. 8.

"St. Paul, in writing to Timothy, sought to instruct him in the Christian life.

"Mr. C. L. Lindsay is an old and experienced miner, of high character. He was in Colorado last week with some very rich copper ore, it being a new find in the neighborhood of the old copper mines. Mr. Lindsay is working up the mineral interest of his section, and is making some startling discoveries. The ore can be seen at this office."

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## H PROTEST

## THE HOME STRETCH.

Recent Appearances of  
Charitable

USES THE ROO  
Calling of Charitable  
Which Jews  
excluded.

Atlanta are just now  
out of the exclusion of  
several charitable move-  
ments is deferred. Under  
no circumstances without  
principles.

referred to by Rabbi  
on Friday night,  
subject was succeeded  
through the city papers  
to meet for char-  
ity excluding the Jews  
in the Industrial  
school, men, etc., and the Jews  
charitable, and never stop  
of those who are ob-  
liged. Charity is much  
practiced, but by the heathen  
and the Christian era.

charity is labeled  
the greatest philanthro-  
pist of the present age.

Christianity. The  
is implanted within  
as well as in that

The Jew has been up-  
setting clashing which he  
calls, such as referred  
from participating

their approval and  
leave their hearty sup-

port.

the fact that  
base of the pyramid  
apex points heaven-

—ALABAMA.

Burned Out Give His  
the Cause.

ber 11.—(Special)—The  
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the development of a  
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Press and its editor  
works hard for  
the odds.

The Free Press and

Mr. Lawrence rime at

the fire was of

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the third party people

other than one

considerable to the

Cedar Bluff.

the editor of the

to lead Mr. Arnold

to get out his paper.

the editor for his offer

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## THE NEWS OF SOCIETY.

Gossip About Atlanta People and Their Friends.

## SOME WEDDINGS AND OTHER EVENTS

Which Have Been Attracting the Attention of the People of Georgia—Some People You Know.

The special feature of the exercises in the woman's building at the world's fair will be the semi-monthly concerts. At these only women of Atlanta are amateur musicians and a high order of musical ability will be permitted to participate. The qualifications of those desiring to take part must first be tested. Each candidate will be rated on her merits. Mrs. W. H. Felton, who is Georgia's representative on the board, can give information on this feature in the following letter:

Carterville, Ga., December 5, 1892. Editor Constitution: I desire to inform all musical amateurs in Georgia, who have been residing at the world's fair, that there will be a concert and a high order of musical ability that there will be semi-monthly concerts in the woman's building, for which they may be considered.

Only women and girls will be permitted to appear and every candidate will be rated on her musical technical knowledge and ability being considered. The quartette-vocal and instrumental-choral and orchestral organizations of women will be eligible for examination. All applications to be made to Theodore Thomas, musical director of the exposition. Respectfully,

W. H. FELTON,  
Lady Manager of Georgia.

The pupils of Professor William C. Rohn, Miss Carrie Mathews, Miss Anna Courtney and Miss Julia S. Carter will give a concert at the exhibition hall on Friday, December 16th. Professor Rohn also intends to give a pupils' piano recital some time before Christmas at Miss Thornbury's school. The friends and patrons of both schools will be invited.

Mrs. J. N. Hale, of Conyers, has been spending several days in the city. Mr. Hale is one of the leading clerks of the house of representatives.

The Monday Evening Literary Club will hold its regular meeting this evening at the residence of Captain E. P. Howell. The special feature of this evening's programme will be the part devoted to the writings of Harry Stilwell Edwards. Mr. Edwards will be at the entertainment himself.

Miss Laura Kuperman, a charming and accomplished society lady of Macon, after spending several weeks as the guest of Mrs. Morris, has returned home, much to the regret of her many friends and admirers.

Crawfordville, Ga., December 11.—(Special)—Crawfordville was the scene of a happy marriage of the bridegroom, a young man being Miss Maria Farmer, a beautiful and accomplished young lady of this place, and Dr. Giese Blanchard, one of Columbia county's prominent physicians. The bride looked charming in her beautiful bridal costume of cream silk. Rev. R. E. L. Harris performed the ceremony at the Baptist church, and the wedding was magnificently attended. The groom's parents came to make their home in Augusta. Their many friends and relatives were present.

Cuthbert, Ga., December 11.—(Special)—Cuthbert seems to be abounding herself in the marriage question this season. Her society is very frequently having the monotony changed by the marriage of some of her popular young people. There seems to be a disposition to marry as high as possible, for formalities and more surprises than heretofore.

Last week Mr. Charles W. Spicher and Miss Mamie Irby were married. Only a few months ago the same pair were planning a second event. Rev. G. W. Hall of the Universal Church performing the ceremony. They left the groom's mother's home for a trip to Ohio, to visit the groom's parents.

Sunday afternoon at 5 o'clock another surprise and two of our well known and popular young people were married.

Mr. W. T. Douglas, to Miss Annie Houston, of West Point, Ga. Cards are out announcing that this pleasant event will take place at 3 o'clock in the afternoon on December 15th.

A good number of other marriages are settled facts, but as the cards are not quite out notice will be withheld till a later date.

The marriage ceremony of Mr. Thomas A. Ashworth of Atlanta, and Miss Arline Palmer, of Marietta, will be performed at the Presbyterian church at high noon on December 15th.

The marriage ceremony of Mr. W. E. Palmer, of West Point, Miss Fannie Houston is highly accomplished and possesses a rare type of beauty. She is greatly beloved by all who know her.

The groom is the son of Dr. W. E. Palmer, and his many friends and the best wishes attend them in their married life.

Cuthbert's society is always delighted with having it the best and best of sister cities. It is a pleasure to see that this year most all the while some are here to contribute to its pleasures—just now she has quite a number of charming young ladies, who are welcome and are contributing to the general social life of our city. Of course, Cuthbert always does her part in good style for her visitors.

W. E. Peacock, Mrs. M. Dugdale, of Enfield, Ala., at Miss Annie Price's; Mrs. Duncan, of Perry, at Miss Marie Lee Feller's; Mrs. M. Holmes, of Macon, at Mrs. L. E. May; Mr. Holmes, of Atlanta, at Mrs. Fannie Allison's; Misses Leonard and Parker at Mrs. G. D. Webb's.

Cuthbert, Ga., December 11.—(Special)—Socially speaking, Cuthbert is to have quite a gay and lively Christmas season. In addition to the young people of her own social circle, there are and will be quite a number from our sister cities to enjoy the pleasures with us. The entertainment opened last evening with a most pleasant complimentary reception by Mr. and Mrs. G. D. Webb at their lovely College house. Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Peacock and Parker, of Tabbton, Mr. and Mrs. Webb are royal entertainers and it is always a surety, when you inquire, that a pleasant time is in store for the wife they are to entertain. This was again witnessed last evening when they were soably as usual, and young people were present. The following were present to enjoy the evening's pleasure: Miss Lizzie Leonard, of Talboton, and Captain A. G. Miller; Miss Ella Price, of Marietta; Miss Mary Johnson, Miss Birdie Johnson, of Macon, with Mr. Robert Toombs; Miss Jane Doughtie, of Enfield, Ala., with Mr. W. M. Peacock; Miss Mary Bell, of Mrs. T. C. Chappell, of Atlanta; Miss Jessie Simpson, with Mr. Sparks, of St. Louis; Miss Florence Powell with Mr. Robert Moore; Miss White Dews with Professor N. C. Ballard; Miss Mary Dews with Mr. Charlie Simpson; Miss Emma Webb with Mr. Walter Drane; Miss Lucia Smith with Mr. W. M. Baldwin; Miss Mary Feller with Mr. Key Simon; Miss Edna Powell with Mr. M. G. Hickey; Miss Alva Maxx with Mr. C. McDonald; Mrs. Lily D. Hill with Mr. T. C. Chappell; Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Douglas Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Peacock, Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Key, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Gunn. A nice luncheon was served during the evening.

Home, Ga., December 11.—(Special)—The wedding which united Miss Julia Pearl McWilliams and Mr. Edwin Douglass Smith was one of the most brilliant and impressive ceremonial witnessed here for some time. It occurred at the Baptist church and long before the appointed hour Home's young people had gathered there to give her hand and heart to one of Alabama's young sons.

Mr. S. McHenry presided at the organ, and as the inspiring strains of the wedding march were wafted upon the air the bridal party entered the church.

The usher boys, the Pattons, Tanners, Hamilton and Nunnally. After the usher boys had grouped themselves about the chancel the bride came down the aisle in couples in the following manner:

Miss Little Cheney and Mr. Hal Wright; Miss Marie Rowell and Mr. Beal McWilliams; Miss Mabel Smith and Mr. W. L. Lewis; Miss Gladys, Miss Tommie Holmes and Mr. Abbott of Birmingham; Miss Anna Holmes and Mr. Joseph Neely of Louisville; Miss Sophie Seamus of Wetumpka and Mr. Oscar McWilliams; Miss Cicile McWilliams and Mr. Pope of Louisville.

The bridegroom was elegantly attired in satin, half in blue and half white. The bride, who is a resplendent blonde beauty, was far taller than on this night. Her blue eyes were modestly hidden from view by the voluminous folds of the ever orthodox and

time-honored veil.

The Berlitz School of Languages, No. 17 E. Cain Street.

Persons desiring to learn either French, German, Spanish, Italian or other languages to no better than to take a course in the Berlitz School.

Classes are constantly being formed in different languages, and only experienced teachers are employed.

FRANCIS R. COLLONGE, Principal and Director.

ever beautiful bridal veil. Diamonds sparkled like stars in her hair. Her dress was a magnificent creation of heavy white satin, trimmed in pearl passementerie. Wetumpka one of the prettiest little towns of the Mountain City, and many a fond wish and tender benediction from her childhood's home will follow her to the home of new scenes and actions.

Dr. B. Hadden, perhaps inspired by the music he selected, sang a simple and graceful manner to unite the fortunes and lives of these two young people.

The handsome groom bears to Wetumpka one of the prettiest little towns of the Mountain City, and many a fond wish and tender benediction from her childhood's home will follow her to the home of new scenes and actions.

After the ceremony a large company of friends, including the parents of the bride, attended an elegant reception. The spacious home was thronged all the evening. There were many handsome presents to be admired, also the strikingly handsome gowns worn by some of the guests, but the dining halls were filled with the fragrance of flowers and each was peculiarly attractive in its decorative features. The front dining room was all in roses, and having suddenly come in, the hostess, in a gown of diamonds, was the belle of the ball.

In the course of time he disposed of his Atlanta interests and became editor and proprietor of The Daily Transcript, in Lexington, Ky.

A little later he died and that cleared out his active participation in mundane things.

The Widow in the Case.

Mr. Caldwell, among other things, left him \$40,000.

He also left a wife and daughter.

It is the relations between these women bear each other which gives rise to the present sensation.

It seems that Mr. S. T. Campbell was appointed administrator of the estate. Mrs. Caldwell having died a rule against him for not producing her husband's will for probate, he makes an answer, which is at once startling and brief.

His reply Campbell states that he has a will made by Caldwell in 1883, but that there was a will made by the deceased in 1891, by which he amply provided for his daughter, Miss Helen; that Mrs. Caldwell unlawfully opened the box rented by the deceased from the safety vault company and abstracted the will of 1891 therefrom. By these means Miss Helen Caldwell is cut off without a shilling, and all of the estate goes to Mrs. Caldwell. He is anxious to produce the will of 1891 in court if Mrs. Caldwell will surrender it.

Tore Up the Grave Diggers' Bill.

Marietta, Ga., December 11.—(Special)—Marietta society is in a fever and it is by no means small and feeble enthusiasm.

Cupid came along here sometimes since and wounded more than a corporal's guard of her young people and such a matrimonial fever takes one's breath away.

Marie R. R. is the latest to fall in love. She is twenty-two years old and her sweethearts are not less than twenty-two. Engagements occur here between this and the 1st of next March, and this time she will not be so far ahead of the facts.

Mr. Joe Legg and Miss Georgia Northcutt were the scene of a happy marriage at the hands of the officiating pastor being Miss Maria Farmer, a beautiful and accomplished young lady of this place, and Dr. Giese Blanchard, one of Columbia county's prominent physicians. The bride looked charming in her beautiful bridal costume of cream silk. Rev. R. E. L. Harris performed the ceremony at the Baptist church, and the wedding was magnificently attended. The groom's parents came to make their home in Augusta. Their many friends and relatives were present.

Progressive People in Waycross.

Waycross, Ga., December 11.—(Special)—The city registration books have closed. The registrations were short of last year. Several tickets have been issued. The present deal for the advancement of Waycross during this year. An ordinance was passed in January fixing the license of agents and peddlers at \$500. A well equipped fire department was organized. The city liquor license was fixed at \$25,000. The city bonds for waterworks were proposed and the city will soon have an abundant water supply. An excellent police force has been maintained. Peace and order have prevailed.

Cuthbert's New Postmistress.

Cuthbert, Ga., December 11.—(Special)—Mrs. Alice B. Bussey has been appointed by the president postmistress for Cuthbert and her name sent to the senate for confirmation.

Mrs. Bussey is the daughter of Postmaster F. E. Bramber, of Albany, a prominent republican leader in the second congressional district, and the widow of the late Dr. Bramber, who was a member of Congress for three terms.

Mrs. Bussey is the wife of J. B. Bussey, court stenographer of this circuit, a bold and fearless defender of his cause, and her appointment will give satisfaction. Her appointment was occasioned by the removal of Dr. D. E. Caldwell, who is a republican, and is for his unexpired term.

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